

**GRUPO GARCÍA FORESTAL, S.L. AND
SUBSIDIARIES**

Independent auditors' report,
consolidated financial statements at 31 December 2015
and consolidated directors' report for 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the shareholders of Grupo García Forestal, S.L.:

Report on the consolidated financial statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. and subsidiaries comprising the consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2015 and the related consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of changes in equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year then ended.

Sole Director's responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The Parent's Sole Director is responsible for preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements so that they present fairly the equity, financial position and consolidated results of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. and subsidiaries, in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Group, (identified in Note 2.1 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements) and for such internal control as deemed necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We have conducted our audit in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain. These regulations require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks and material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making these risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation by the Parent's Sole Director of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated equity and consolidated financial position of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. and subsidiaries at 31 December 2015, and the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Company and, in particular, with the accounting principles and rules contained therein.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

The accompanying consolidated director's report for 2015 contains the explanations that the Parent's Sole Director considers appropriate about the situation of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. and subsidiaries, the evolution of its business and other matters, but is not an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. We have checked that the accounting information in the consolidated directors' report is consistent with that contained in the consolidated financial statements for 2015. Our work as auditors was confined to checking the consolidated directors' report with the aforementioned scope, and did not include a review of any information other than that drawn from the accounting records of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. and subsidiaries.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores, S.L.

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Jorge Seco Paz

30 June 2016

[Corporate stamp of PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS AUDITORES, S.L.]

GRUPO GARCÍA FORESTAL, S.L. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated financial statements at 31 December 2015
and consolidated directors' report for 2015

GRUPO GARCÍA FORESTAL, S.L. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND 2014
(Expressed in euros)**

ASSETS	Note	2015	2014
A) Non-current assets		5,150,461	3,188,216
I. Intangible assets	5	655,628	594,761
1. Computer software		-	-
2. Other intangible assets		655,628	594,761
II. Property, plant and equipment	6	2,264,817	1,325,774
1. Land and buildings		235,694	343,990
2. Plant and other items of property, plant and equipment		1,433,090	922,442
3. Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction and advances		596,033	59,342
IV. Non-current financial investments	7.8	2,196,798	1,230,773,954
1. Equity instruments		732,003	2,439
2. Loans to third parties		1,458,669	1,220,919
3. Other financial assets		6,126	7,415
V. Deferred tax assets	13	33,218	36,908
1. Deferred tax assets		33,218	36,908
B) Current assets		10,504,438	9,999,622
I. Inventories	9	2,887,483	2,022,866
1. Goods held for resale		2,392,730	1,669,987
2. Raw materials and other supplies		13,253	56,624
4. Advances to suppliers		481,500	296,255
II. Trade and other receivables	7	5,571,836	5,910,042
1. Trade receivables for sales and services		4,991,972	5,253,898
2. Sundry accounts receivable		18,808	18,808
3. Current tax assets		114,305	121,487
4. Other accounts receivable from public authorities		446,751	515,849
IV. Current financial investments	7	501,496	186,983
1. Loans to third parties		175,385	159,856
2. Other financial assets		326,111	27,127
V. Current prepayments and accrued income		22,803	18,331
VI. Cash and cash equivalents	10	1,520,820	1,861,400
1. Cash		1,520,820	1,861,400
Total assets (A+B)		15,654,899	13,187,838

GRUPO GARCÍA FORESTAL, S.L. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND 2014
(Expressed in euros)**

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	2015	2014
A) Equity		1,916,608	3,335,914
A-1) Shareholders' equity	11	1,341,751	3,335,914
I. Share capital		307,206	2,615,369
1. Registered share capital		307,206	2,615,369
II. Share premium		514,415	514,415
III. Reserves		114,478	-
1. Legal and bylaw reserves		163	-
2. Other reserves		114,315	-
VI. Profit for the year		405,652	206,130
A-3) Grants, donations or gifts and legacies received		42,538	-
A-4) Non-controlling interests		532,319	-
B) Non-current liabilities		5,827,111	2,814,582
II. Non-current payables	7	5,767,078	2,723,596
1. Bank borrowings		2,536,853	299,127
2. Obligations under finance leases		21,906	41,067
3. Other financial liabilities		3,208,319	2,383,402
III. Deferred tax liabilities	13	60,033	90,986
C) Current liabilities		7,911,180	7,037,343
I. Current provisions		-	-
II. Current payables	7	4,468,192	4,310,281
1. Bank borrowings		3,963,075	4,009,913
2. Obligations under finance leases		17,640	237,534
3. Other financial liabilities		487,477	62,834
III. Current payables to Group companies and associates		-	-
IV. Trade and other payables	7	3,442,555	2,727,062
1. Payable to suppliers		2,699,966	1,928,778
2. Sundry accounts payable		566,199	704,852
3. Remuneration payable		-	14,965
4. Current tax liabilities		103,318	3,892
5. Other accounts payable to public authorities		60,572	74,574
6. Customer advances		12,500	-
V. Current accrued expenses and deferred income		433	-
Total equity and liabilities (A+B+C)		15,654,899	13,187,838

GRUPO GARCÍA FORESTAL, S.L. AND SUBSIDIARIES

**CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER
2015 AND THE PERIOD FROM 13 AUGUST 2014 TO 31 DECEMBER 2014
(Expressed in euros)**

	Note	2015	2014
A) Continuing operations:			
1. Revenue	14	29,747,761	14,463,882
a) Sales		28,238,908	13,810,034
b) Services rendered		1,508,853	653,848
2. Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress		21,230	-
3. Procurements:		(22,238,298)	(10,217,415)
a) Cost of goods held for resale used	14	(19,075,050)	(8,972,016)
b) Cost of raw materials and other consumables used		(612,452)	(385,429)
c) Work performed by other companies		(2,550,796)	(859,970)
4. Other operating income:		246,467	66,038
a) Non-core and current operating income		246,467	66,038
5. Staff costs:	14	(858,250)	(415,190)
a) Wages, salaries and similar expenses		(690,801)	(329,806)
b) Employee benefit costs		(167,449)	(85,384)
6. Other operating expenses		(5,774,933)	(3,361,044)
a) Outside services		(5,716,361)	(3,292,087)
b) Taxes other than income tax		(22,730)	(5,009)
c) Losses on, impairment of and change in allowances for trade receivables		(35,842)	(63,948)
d) Other current management expenses		-	-
7. Depreciation and amortisation charge	5.6	(289,407)	(213,757)
Amortisation of intangible assets		(101,682)	(73,384)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		(187,725)	(140,372)
8. Allocation to profit or loss of grants related to non-financial non-current assets and other grants		15,468	47,741
9. Impairment and gains or losses on disposal of non-current assets		349,706	95,311
b) Gains or losses on disposals and other		349,706	95,311
10. Other gains or losses		(18,253)	(43,344)
Extraordinary income		4,636	1,633
Extraordinary expenses		(22,889)	(44,977)
A.1) PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10)		1,201,491	422,223
11. Finance income:		111,138	64,791
a) From marketable securities and other financial instruments		111,138	64,791
a 2) From third parties		111,138	64,791
12. Finance costs		(486,798)	(178,780)
b) On debts to third parties		(486,798)	(178,780)
14. Impairment and gains or losses on disposal of financial instruments	9	6,749	182
a) Impairment and other losses		6,749	182
A.2) FINANCIAL LOSS (11+12+13+14)		(368,911)	(113,807)
A.3) PROFIT BEFORE TAX (A.1 + A.2)		832,580	308,416
15. Income tax	15	(263,594)	(102,286)
A.4) PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (A.3+15)		568,986	206,130
Profit attributed to the Parent		406,652	206,130
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests		163,334	-

GRUPO GARCÍA FORESTAL, S.L. AND SUBSIDIARIES

A) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND THE PERIOD FROM 13 AUGUST 2014 TO 31 DECEMBER 2014 (Expressed in euros)

	Note	2015	2014
A) Profit per income statement		568,986	206,130
I. Grants, donations or gifts and legacies received		85,817	-
II. Tax effect		(21,454)-	-
B) Total income and expense recognised directly in equity	14	64,363-	-
I. Grants, donations or gifts and legacies received		15,468	-
II. Tax effect		4,278	-
C) Total transfers to profit or loss	14	(11,190)	-
TOTAL RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE (A + B + C)		622,159	206,130
Total income and expense attributable to the Parent		448,190	206,130
Total income and expense attributable to non-controlling interests		173,969	-

B) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN TOTAL EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 AND THE PERIOD FROM 13 AUGUST 2014 TO 31 DECEMBER 2014 (Expressed in euros)

	Share capital	Share premium	Reserves	Profit for the year	Non-refundable grants	Non-controlling interests	Total
Adjusted balance at 13 August 2014	2,615,369	514,415					3,129,784
I. Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	206,130	-	-	206,130
II. Transactions with shareholders or owners	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III. Other changes in equity		-					-
B. BALANCE AT END OF 2014	2,615,369	514,415	-	206,130	-	-	3,335,914
I. Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	405,652	42,538	173,959	622,159
II. Transactions with shareholders or owners	-	-	(91,652)-	-	-	358,350	(2,041,465)
III. Other changes in equity	(2,308,163)		206,130	(206,130)	-	-	-
C. BALANCE AT END OF 2015	307,206	514,415	114,478	405,652	42,538	532,319	1,916,608

GRUPO GARCÍA FORESTAL, S.L. AND SUBSIDIARIES

A) CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	2015	2014
1. Profit for the year before tax		832,581	308,416
2. Adjustments for		328,986	376,375
a) Depreciation and amortisation charge (+)	6, 7	289,407	213,757
b) Impairment losses (+/-)	9, 10	35,842	63,948
d) Allocation of grants to profit or loss (-)		(15,468)	-
e) Gains/losses on derecognition and disposal of non-current assets (+/-)		(349,708)	(10,696)
e) Gains/Losses on derecognition and disposal of financial instruments (+/-)		(6,749)	(4,623)
g) Finance income (-)		(111,138)	(64,791)
h) Finance costs (+)		486,798	178,780
3. Changes in working capital		881,008	(966,627)
a) Inventories (+/-)		(315,817)	212,511
b) Trade and other receivables (+/-)		308,993	(1,554,202)
d) Trade and other payables (+/-)		887,832	375,064
4. Other cash flows from operating activities		(547,893)	224,813
a) Interest paid (-)		(486,798)	(178,780)
b) Interest received (+)		111,138	64,791
b) Income tax recovered (paid) (+/-)		(172,338)	338,802
5. Cash flows from operating activities (+/-1+/-2+/-3+/-4)		1,494,577	(57,023)
B) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
6. Payments due to investments (-)		(3,174,993)	(379,565)
a) Group companies, associates and related companies		(729,564)	-
b) Intangible assets	6	(301,455)	(196,230)
c) Property, plant and equipment	7	(1,591,711)	(116,599)
e) Other financial assets		(552,263)	(66,736)
7. Proceeds from disposals (+)		1,045,592	-
b) Property, plant and equipment		1,045,592	
8. Cash flows from investing activities (7-6)		(2,129,481)	(379,565)
C) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
9. Proceeds and payments relating to equity instruments		85,817	-
b) Grants, donations or gifts and legacies received (+)		85,817	-
10. Proceeds and payments relating to financial liabilities		208,427	1,685,519
a) Issue		1,693,785	2,056,112
1. Bank borrowings (+)		1,670,681	2,056,112
2. Other borrowings (+)		23,104	-
b) Return		(1,485,358)	(370,593)
1. Bank borrowings (-)		(1,485,358)	(370,593)
12. Cash flows from financing activities (+/-9+/-10-11)		284,244	1,685,519
E) NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (+/-5+/-8+/-12+/-D)		(340,580)	1,248,931
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	5	1,861,400	612,470
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	5	1,520,820	1,861,400

GRUPO GARCÍA FORESTAL, S.L. AND SUBSIDIARIES

1. Group companies

1.1 Parent

Grupo García Forestal, S.L. (hereinafter, “the Company” or “the Parent”) was incorporated on 13 December 2013 as a limited liability company. Its corporate purpose consists of the acquisition and disposal of shares and units representing the share capital of any other type of company, as well as the financing of investees, and the provision of management support services that these investees require for the adequate management and administration of their own business, either through the personnel of the Company or third parties.

The Group’s corporate purpose constitutes the purchase, sale, import, export, processing and handling in general of all manner of wood, as well as the transport thereof.

The Company’s registered office is located at Avda. Zumalacárregui, 35, piso bajo, Cedeira (A Coruña).

In 2014 the shareholders of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. reached an agreement to reorganise the Group in order to adopt an organisational structure and separate the various activities by company. The Group was therefore incorporated on 13 August 2014 in accordance with Article 42 of the Spanish Commercial Code. These decisions were agreed to at the General Shareholders’ Meeting, were filed with the A Coruña Mercantile Registry and enable the Company to qualify for the special tax regime provided for in Chapter VIII, Title VII of Legislative Royal Decree 4/2004, of 5 March, approving the Consolidated Corporation Tax Law.

The Company is the Parent of the Group and files consolidated financial statements with the A Coruña Mercantile Registry. 2014 was the first year that consolidated financial statements were presented and, therefore, 2015 is the first year in which comparative information is included (Note 2.4).

For the purpose of preparing these consolidated financial statements, a group is considered to exist when the parent has one or more subsidiaries over which this parent has a direct or indirect control. The accounting principles applied in preparing the Group’s consolidated financial statements are detailed in Note 3.1.

The transactions performed in 2015 were as follows:

- The partial spin-off in Grupo García Forestal separating all shares of García Forestal Gestión del Patrimonio, S.L., whereby the beneficiary is a company that is not an investee of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. This transaction led to a capital reduction in Grupo García Forestal amounting to EUR 798,075.
- A capital increase in García Forestal, S.L. through the non-monetary contribution of the shares of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. owned by José García López. A contribution of 342,083 shares of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. for EUR 590,891, thus creating 1,881 new shares of García Forestal, S.L. with a par value of EUR 60.10 and a share premium of EUR 477,843.
- The acquisition of treasury shares by Grupo García Forestal, which were redeemed through a capital reduction of EUR 1,510,080, decreasing reserves by an additional EUR 718,545 and recognising the implicit interest of the transaction for a net financial effect of EUR 394,350.

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All of the aforementioned transactions are subject to the special regime for mergers, spin-offs, asset contributions, share exchanges and change of registered office of a European company or a European cooperative entity from one EU Member State to another EU Member State established in Chapter VII of Title VII of Law 27/2014, of 27 November, on Corporation Tax.

The application of this special tax neutrality regime was reported to the competent authorities.

1.2 Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all of the entities, including special purpose vehicles, over which the Group has or may have, directly or indirectly, control that is understood as the power to govern the financial and operating policies of a business so as to obtain economic benefits from its activities. When assessing whether the Group controls another entity, the existence and effect of any potential voting rights that may currently be exercised or converted are taken into account. Subsidiaries are consolidated as from the date on which control passes to the Group, and they are excluded from consolidation on the date on which control ceases to exist.

The detail of the Group's subsidiaries at 31 December 2015 is as follows:

Company	Registered office	Ownership interest		Share capital	Reserves	Profit for the year	Other items
		Direct	Indirect				
GARCIA FORESTAL, S.L.	Av. Zumalacárregui, 35 bajo -Cedeira. A Coruña	80.00%	-	565,241	707,387	816,867	94,456
GARCIA FORESTAL SERVICIOS FORESTALES, S.L.U.	Av. Zumalacárregui, 35 bajo -Cedeira. A Coruña	100.00%	-	312,500	23,167	(161,867)	51,706
WOOD CHIPS GALICIA, S.L.U.	Av. Zumalacárregui, 35 bajo -Cedeira. A Coruña	100.00%	-	343,000	-	(10,906)	-
GARCIA FORESTAL SERVICIOS ENERGÉTICOS, S.L.U.	Av. Zumalacárregui, 35 bajo -Cedeira. A Coruña	100.00%	-	3,000	-	248	(2,187)

The detail of the Group's subsidiaries at 31 December 2014 is as follows:

Company	Registered office	Ownership interest		Share capital	Reserves	Profit for the year	Other items
		Direct	Indirect				
GARCIA FORESTAL, S.L.	Av. Zumalacárregui, 35 bajo -Cedeira. A Coruña	100.00%	-	452,192	1,519,887	671,539	94,039
GARCIA FORESTAL SERVICIOS FORESTALES, S.L.U.	Av. Zumalacárregui, 35 bajo -Cedeira. A Coruña	100.00%	-	146,200	22,485	3,491	60,658
GARCIA FORESTAL TRANSPORTES, S.L.	C/ Camino del Corral, s/n Pol Ind Alcamar 28816 Camrama de Esteruelas - Madrid	100.00%	-	159,500	-	6,801	-
GARCIA FORESTAL GESTIÓN DEL PATRIMONIO, S.L.	C/ Camino del Corral, s/n Pol Ind Alcamar 28816 Camrama de Esteruelas - Madrid	100.00%	-	198,075	-	(1,297)	-
GARCIA FORESTAL SERVICIOS ENERGÉTICOS, S.L.U.	Av. Zumalacárregui, 35 bajo -Cedeira. A Coruña	100.00%	-	3,000	-	(2,187)	-

These companies are consolidated for the reasons included in Article 2 of the standards for the

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preparation of consolidated financial statements:

1. When the parent, in relation to another company (subsidiary) is in one of the following situations:
 - a) The parent holds the majority of voting rights.
 - b) The parent has the power to name or dismiss the majority of the directors.
 - c) The parent may, through agreements entered into with other shareholders, control the majority of the voting rights.
 - d) The parent has appointed with its votes the majority of the directors who discharge their position at the time these consolidated financial statements were prepared and during the two immediately preceding years. This situation is understood to exist when the majority of the members of the managing body of the subsidiary are members of the managing body or senior executives of the parent or of another company controlled by the parent.
2. When the parent holds half or less than half of the voting rights, including when it scarcely has an ownership interest in the other company or when the management powers have not been specified (special purpose vehicles), but it participates in the risks and rewards of the entity, or has the ability to take part in the operating and financial decisions thereof.

The financial year of all subsidiaries ends on 31 December.

The changes in the scope of consolidation in 2015 were as follows:

- The merger of García Forestal Servicios Forestales, S.L. and García Forestal Transportes, S.L., subject to the special regime for mergers, spin-offs, asset contributions, share exchanges and change of registered office of a European company or a European cooperative entity from one EU Member State to another EU Member State established in Chapter VII of Title VII of Law 27/2014, of 27 November, on Corporation Tax.
- The partial spin-off in Grupo García Forestal separating all shares of García Forestal Gestión del Patrimonio, S.L., whereby the beneficiary is a company that is not an investee of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. This transaction led to a capital reduction in Grupo García Forestal amounting to EUR 798,075 (Note 1.1). Prior to this transaction, Grupo García Forestal had subscribed a capital increase in García Forestal Gestión del Patrimonio for EUR 600,000.
- The incorporation of Wood Chips Galicia, S.L. (sole-shareholder company) on 23 January 2015 through the subscription of 3,000 shares with a par value of EUR 1 each

2. Basis of presentation of the consolidated financial statements

2.1 Fair presentation

The consolidated financial statements were prepared from the accounting records of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. and subsidiaries (“the Group”) and include the adjustments and reclassifications necessary for timing and valuation uniformity with the accounting policies established by the Group.

These consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the prevailing corporate and commercial law included in the Spanish Commercial Code amended in accordance with Law 16/2007, of 4 July, on reform and adaptation of accounting-related corporate and commercial law for international harmonisation according to European Union Law, Royal

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Decree 1514/2007, of 20 November, approving the Spanish National Chart of Accounts, and Royal Decree 1159/2010, of 17 September, approving the rules for the preparation of consolidated financial statements as regards all matters that do not contradict that established in the aforementioned corporate and commercial reform, for the purpose of presenting fairly the Group's equity and financial position, as well as the accuracy of the cash flows included in the statement of cash flows.

2.2 Non-obligatory accounting principles

No non-obligatory accounting principles were applied.

2.3 Key issues in relation to the measurement and estimation of uncertainty

In preparing the accompanying financial statements, the Group made certain estimates and judgements concerning the future that are constantly assessed and are based on past experience and other factors, including expectations regarding future events deemed reasonable under the current circumstances.

The resulting accounting estimates, by definition, are unlikely to match to the actual corresponding results, however, the Company's Sole Director considers that there are no material accounting estimates that could give rise to significant adjustments in the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities in the following financial year.

Income tax

The legal situation of the tax regulations applicable to the Group implies that there are estimated calculations and a final amount for taxes that are uncertain. Taxes are calculated based on Management's best estimates in accordance with current tax legislation, and taking into account how this situation might change (Note 15).

If the final amount of taxes differs from what was initially recorded, any such differences would affect the income tax for the year in which the said determination was made.

The income tax calculation did not require the use of significant estimates, except with regard to the tax assets recognised during the year. If the premises used for this estimate were changed by 10%, the effect on profit for the year would not be significant.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

These estimates relate to the useful lives of the property, plant and equipment (Note 3.3) and intangible assets (Note 3.2).

Recoverability of trade receivables

Management regularly assesses the recoverability of the Group's trade receivables. The Parent's Sole Director considers that this risk is limited, since it works with a reduced number of customers that do not have a significant history of default. The Group does not have any significant balances receivable aged over twelve months for which no provision has been recognised.

2.4 Comparative information

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Since the Group was incorporated on 13 August 2014 through the contribution of the shares of the subsidiaries to the Parent, for the purpose of the Group's production activities, the income statement includes the transactions performed from 13 August 2014 to 31 December 2014, in accordance with the ruling on not backdating non-monetary contributions for accounting purposes (Ruling 13 of the Official ICAC Gazette no. 85).

The information contained in these notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 is presented, for comparison purposes, with the information for the period ended 31 December 2014, except for the information included under "Information on the average period of payment to suppliers. Additional provision three. Disclosure obligation provided for in Law 15/2010, of 5 July" in Note 12 to the financial statements, which is presented without including comparative information for the period ended 31 December 2014 on this new disclosure obligation introduced by the Resolution of 29 January 2016. Therefore, and only for the purposes of this disclosure, these consolidated financial statements are considered to be initial consolidated financial statements in relation to applying the principle of consistency and meeting the requirement of comparability.

In 2015 the Group spun off García Forestal Gestión del Patrimonio, S.L. (Note 1), a company that engaged in the purchase and sale of plots and land for use. The exclusion of this company from the scope of consolidation had an effect of EUR 196 thousand on the Group's equity and net assets.

2.5 Grouping of items

In order to facilitate the comparison of the balance sheet, the income statement, the statement of changes in equity, and the statement of cash flows, these statements have been presented grouped together, with the required analyses included in the notes to the financial statements.

2.6 Changes in accounting policies

There were no significant changes in accounting policies in 2015.

2.7 Correction of errors

In preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements no significant errors were detected that would have made it necessary to restate the amounts of previous years.

3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

3.1 Subsidiaries

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Acquisition of control

The acquisition method is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries. The acquisition cost is the fair value of the assets acquired, of the equity instruments issued and of the liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, and the fair value of any additional consideration that depends on future events (provided that it is probable and can be measured reliably) plus any costs directly attributable on the acquisition.

Consolidation method

The assets, liabilities, income, expenses, cash flows and other items of the Group's financial statements are fully consolidated in the consolidated financial statements of the Group. This method requires the following:

1. Reporting date uniformity. The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the same date and for the same period as the financial statements of the consolidated company. Companies whose reporting date differs are included through interim financial statements at the same date and for the same period as the consolidated financial statements.
2. Valuation uniformity. The assets, liabilities, income and expenses and other items in the financial statements of the Group companies were measured using the same methods. Assets, liabilities, income or expenses that have been measured using criteria that are not consistent with those applied on consolidation have been measured again, and the necessary adjustments have been made for consolidation purposes only.
3. Aggregation. The various items of the separate financial statements that have been standardised are aggregated according to their nature.
4. Investment-equity elimination. The carrying amounts representing the equity instruments of the subsidiaries held, directly or indirectly, by the Parent are offset with the proportional part of the assets of the aforementioned subsidiaries attributable to the said investments, generally, on the basis of the values obtained from applying the acquisition method described above. On consolidation in years following the acquisition of control, the excess or lack of equity generated by the subsidiary from the date of acquisition attributable to the parent is recognised on the consolidated balance sheet under reserves or valuation adjustments based on its nature. The portion attributable to non-controlling interests is recognised under "Non-controlling interests".
5. Elimination of intragroup items. All receivables, payables, income, expenses and cash flows between Group companies are eliminated. Likewise, all results arising from internal transactions are eliminated and deferred until they are performed vis-à-vis third parties unrelated to the Group.

Change in ownership interest without loss of control

Once control of a subsidiary is obtained, subsequent transactions that give rise to a change in the Parent's ownership interest in the subsidiary, without loss of control, are treated as a treasury share transaction in the consolidated financial statements, and the following rules apply:

- a) Neither the amount of goodwill or negative difference recognised nor the other assets and liabilities recognised are changed;
- b) The profit or loss recognised in the separate financial statements is eliminated on consolidation, and the corresponding adjustment is made to the reserves of the company whose ownership interest is reduced;

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- c) “Valuation adjustments” and “Grants, donations or gifts and legacies received” are adjusted to reflect the Group companies’ share of the subsidiary;
- d) Non-controlling interests in the equity of the subsidiary will be recognised based on the percentage of ownership that third parties unrelated to the Group hold in the subsidiary once the transaction is carried out, including the share in the goodwill recognised in the consolidated financial statements associated with the change made;
- e) The adjustment necessary based on points a), b) and c) above will be recognised under reserves.

3.2 Intangible assets

- a) Computer software

Licences for computer software acquired from third parties are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 4 years.

The expenses related to maintaining the computer programs are recognised when they are incurred. The costs directly related to producing unique and identifiable computer programs controlled by the Company that are likely to generate profit for more than one year that will exceed their costs, are recognised as intangible assets. These direct costs include the staff costs for the computer program developers and a proportional percentage of general costs.

The development costs of computer programs recorded as assets are amortised over their estimated useful lives (that do not exceed 4 years).

- b) Forestry use rights

They are recognised at their acquisition cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated losses recognised. They are systematically amortised over their estimated useful lives of 19 years (the right was acquired in December 2011 and may be used until 2031).

If an asset’s carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, its value is immediately reduced to its recoverable amount.

3.3 Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are recognised at their acquisition or production cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated losses recognised.

Group work on property, plant and equipment is calculated by adding the acquisition cost of the consumables to the direct or indirect costs attributable to the aforementioned assets.

Costs incurred to expand, modernise or improve items of property, plant and equipment that increase the capacity or productivity or extend the useful life of the asset are capitalised as part of the cost of the related asset, provided that it is possible to calculate or estimate the carrying amount of the items derecognised from inventory due to their being replaced.

Major repair costs are capitalised and depreciated over their estimated useful life, while maintenance expenses are charged to the income statement in the year in which they are incurred.

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The depreciation of property, plant and equipment (except for land that is not depreciated) is calculated systematically using the straight-line method, on the basis of their estimated useful life, based on the actual decline in value caused by their use and by wear and tear. The estimated useful lives are:

	Years of estimated useful life
Buildings	33
Machinery	8
Tools	10 - 2.5
Furniture	10 - 4
Computer hardware	4
Other items of property, plant and equipment	8.33
Transport equipment	10 - 2.5

The residual value and useful life of the assets are reviewed and adjusted if necessary at the end of each reporting period.

If an asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, its value is immediately reduced to its recoverable amount (Note 3.6).

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are calculated by comparing the income obtained from the disposal with the carrying amount and are then recognised in the income statement.

Expenses incurred by a company engaging forestry development

These expenses will be measured according to the acquisition or production cost of the elements necessary to prepare the land owned by the Company and allocated for such purpose for agricultural use; this includes, among others, the vines, roots, grafts, posts and wiring for the vineyards, etc., and the elements that are permanently and fully linked to the plantation. Any expenses incurred prior to the first productive harvest, i.e., from the time the plantation is capable of generating income on a regular basis, will be included as an increase in the value of the plantation, including, where applicable, the inherent finance costs, without exceeding market prices under any circumstances. The value of the agricultural land will not be included as an increase in the plantation's value, but rather will be recognised as a separate asset.

The amounts allocated to the acquisition of trees must be recognised as property, plant and equipment in accordance with the accounting principles described. In addition, all direct expenses incurred prior to when the plantation is capable of generating income on a regular basis will be included as an increase in the plantation's value and will begin to be amortised when it is ready for use.

3.4 Borrowing costs

The finance costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of non-current assets that require more than one year to be ready for use are added to their cost until they are brought into

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operating condition.

3.5 Impairment losses on non-financial assets

Assets with an indefinite useful life (e.g., goodwill) are not subject to depreciation or amortisation but rather are tested annually for impairment losses. Assets subject to depreciation or amortisation are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the excess of the carrying amount of the asset over its recoverable amount, which is understood to be the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there are largely independent cash flows (cash-generating units). Any non-financial assets, other than goodwill, that have suffered an impairment loss are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, to see if the losses have been reversed.

3.6 Financial assets

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable charges that are not listed on an active market. They are considered to be current assets, except for those maturing within more than 12 months from the balance sheet date, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included under “Loans to companies” and “Trade and other receivables” in the balance sheet.

These financial assets are initially measured at their fair value, including any directly attributable transaction costs, and subsequently at amortised cost, whereby the interest income is recognised on the basis of the effective interest rate, which is considered to be the discount rate that matches the carrying amount of the instrument to all its estimated cash flows until maturity. However, trade receivables maturing within twelve months are measured, both on initial recognition and subsequently, at their nominal value when the effect of not discounting the cash flows is not material.

At least at each reporting date, the necessary impairment losses are recognised if there is objective evidence that not all amounts owed will be collected.

The amount of the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate at the time of initial recognition. Impairment losses and any subsequent reversal are recognised in the income statement.

Financial assets held for trading and other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Those assets held for trading acquired for the purpose of selling them in the short term or that form part of a portfolio of instruments identified and managed jointly to obtain short-term gains, as well as financial assets designated by the Company upon initial recognition to be included under this category as they provide more relevant information, are considered financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

3.7 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. When the net realisable value of the inventories is lower than their cost, the appropriate write-downs are made and recognised as an expense in the income statement. If the circumstances giving rise to the write-down no longer exist,

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the amount of the write-down is reversed and recognised as income in the income statement.

The cost is determined by the weighted average cost. The cost of finished goods and work in progress includes design costs, raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs, and production overheads (based on the normal capacity of the production facilities). The net realisable value is the estimated sale price in the normal course of business, less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, and, in the case of raw materials and work in progress, the estimated costs necessary for completion.

Finance costs are included in the cost of inventories that need more than one year to be ready to be sold under the same terms specified for non-current assets (Note 3.5).

3.8 Equity

The share capital is represented by shares.

The cost of issuing new shares is charged directly to equity as a reduction in reserves.

The Company's treasury shares are measured at the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental cost, and are deducted from equity until their redemption, re-issue or disposal. When these shares are sold or are later re-issued, any proceeds received, net of any directly attributable incremental cost of the transaction, are included in equity.

3.9 Financial liabilities

Accounts payable

This heading includes trade payables and non-trade payables. These borrowings are classified as current liabilities, unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

These borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, adjusted by any directly attributable transaction costs, and subsequently recognised at cost using the effective interest method. This effective interest rate is the discount rate that matches the carrying amount of the instrument to its expected future cash flows until the liability matures.

However, trade payables maturing within twelve months where there is no contractual interest rate are measured, both initially and subsequently, at their nominal value when the effect of not discounting the cash flows is not material.

If existing debts are renegotiated, no substantial changes to financial liabilities are considered to exist when the lender of the new loan is the same as the one who arranged the initial loan and the present value of the cash flows, including net fees and commissions, does not differ by more than 10% of the present value of the cash flows payable from the original liability calculated using this same method.

3.10 Grants received

Refundable grants are recognised as liabilities until the conditions have been met for them no longer to be considered refundable; while non-refundable grants are recognised as income directly in equity and are recognised as such on a systematic and rational basis in relation to the expenses arising

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from the grant.

For this purpose, a grant is considered non-refundable when there is a specific agreement relating to the award of the grant, all conditions established for the award of the grant have been met and there are no reasonable doubts in relation to the award thereof.

Monetary grants are measured at the fair value of the amount awarded, and non-monetary grants are measured at the fair value of the good received, whereby both values refer to the time of recognition.

Non-refundable grants related to the acquisition of intangible assets, property plant and equipment and investment property are credited to income for the year in proportion to the amortisation or depreciation of the corresponding assets or, if applicable, on disposal of the asset, on recognition of an impairment loss or on derecognition from the balance sheet. Additionally, non-refundable grants related to specific expenses are recognised in the income statement in the same year in which the related expenses are incurred and those that are issued to offset losses from operations are recognised in the year they were awarded, except when they are used to offset losses from operations in future years, in which case they are recognised in those years.

3.11 Current and deferred taxes

The income tax expense (income) is the amount accrued in this connection during the year, comprising both the current and deferred tax expense (income).

Both the current and the deferred tax expense (income) are recognised in the income statement. However, the tax effect related to items that are recognised directly in equity is likewise recognised in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, in accordance with the tax legislation currently in force or that has been approved but not yet published at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes are calculated, in accordance with the balance sheet liability method, based on the temporary differences that arise between the tax bases of the assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. However, if deferred taxes arise from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination, which at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit (loss) nor taxable profit (tax loss), they are not recognised. Deferred taxes are determined by applying the regulations and tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and that are expected to be applied when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is considered probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be offset.

Deferred taxes are recognised based on temporary differences that arise in investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except for those cases in which the Group is able to control the moment when the temporary differences are reversed and it is also likely that they will not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

3.12 Employee benefits

Termination benefits payable to employees for any contract terminations that may arise as a result of labour force adjustments, or for any other reason not attributable thereto, will be calculated based on years of service. Any expenses in this connection are recognised in the income statement for the year in which the termination is agreed.

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3.13 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions for environmental restorations, restructuring costs and litigation are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (whether legal or constructive) as a result of past events, where an outlay of resources will likely be needed to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. The provisions for restructuring costs include lease cancellation fees and employee severance pay. No provisions are recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax interest rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the specific risks of the obligation. Adjustments made to provisions due to revaluations are recognised as finance costs on an accrual basis.

Provisions maturing within no more than twelve months that do not have a material financial effect are not discounted.

When a portion of the expenditure required to settle a provision is refunded by a third party, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, as long as it is virtually certain to be received.

Contingent liabilities are considered to be possible obligations arising from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events not wholly within the control of the Company. These contingent liabilities are not recognised for accounting purposes, but rather are disclosed, where applicable, in the notes to the financial statements.

3.14 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised on an accrual basis at the fair value of the consideration receivable and represents the amounts receivable for the goods and services provided in the Group's normal course of business, net of any refunds, rebates, discounts and value added tax.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount thereof can be reliably measured, when it is probable that the future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the specific conditions for each of the activities are met, as detailed below. Income cannot be considered to be reliably measured until all contingencies related to the sale have been resolved. The Group bases its estimates on past results, taking into account the type of customer, type of transaction and specific terms of each agreement.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. When an account receivable becomes impaired, the Group reduces its carrying amount to its recoverable amount, discounting the estimated future cash flows at the instrument's original effective interest rate, and the discounting continues as a reduction to interest income. Interest income from loans that have become impaired is recognised using the effective interest method.

3.15 Leases

- a) When a Group company is the lessee – Finance lease

The Group leases certain property, plant and equipment. Leases of property, plant and equipment in which the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. At the start of the lease, finance leases are capitalised at the lower of the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments established in the lease. The interest rate implicit in the lease is used to calculate the present value, but if this rate cannot be

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determined, the interest rate the Group uses for similar transactions is used.

Each lease payment is distributed between the liability and the finance charges. The total finance charges are distributed throughout the term of the lease and are allocated to the income statement for the year in which they are incurred using the effective interest method. Contingent rent is recognised as an expense in the year in which it is incurred. The corresponding lease obligations, net of finance charges, are included under "Obligations under finance leases". Assets acquired under financial leases are depreciated over their useful life or over the lease term, whichever is less.

b) When a Group company is the lessee – Operating lease

Leases in which the lessor substantially retains the risks and rewards arising from ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Payments relating to operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement for the year in which they are accrued on a straight-line basis during the lease term.

3.16 Related party transactions

In general, transactions carried out between Group companies are initially recognised at fair value. In this case, if the price agreed upon differs from its fair value, the difference is recognised according to the economic substance of the transaction. These transactions are subsequently measured in accordance with the corresponding regulations.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in transactions in which the object is a business, which includes equity investments that grant control over a company that constitutes a business, the Group adheres to the following criteria:

a) Non-monetary contribution

For non-monetary contributions to a Group company, both the contributing company and the recipient recognise the investment at the carrying amount of the assets provided in the consolidated financial statements at the transaction date. For these purposes, the consolidated financial statements of the higher group or subgroup with a Spanish parent in which the assets and liabilities are included are used.

b) Merger and spin-off

In transactions between Group companies in which the parent (or parent of a subgroup) and its direct or indirect subsidiary are involved, the assets and liabilities acquired are measured at their corresponding value in the consolidated financial statements of the group or subgroup. The difference that arises is recognised as a balancing entry in reserves.

In the case of transactions between other Group companies, the assets and liabilities acquired are measured according to their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements of the higher group or subgroup with a Spanish parent in which they are included.

For accounting purposes, the date of mergers and spin-offs between Group companies is the start of the year in which the transaction is approved, provided that it is subsequent to the date of inclusion in the Group. If one of the companies participating in the transaction is included in the Group in the year in which the merger or spin-off occurs, the date for accounting purposes will be the date of acquisition.

The comparative information for the preceding year is not restated to reflect the effects of the merger or spin-off even when the companies participating in the transaction formed part of the Group during

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that year.

c) Capital reduction, distribution of dividends and dissolution

When the business in which the capital reduction is carried out, the dividend is paid or the liquidating dividend of the shareholder is settled remains in the Group, the transferor recognises the difference between the debt with the shareholder and the carrying amount of the business delivered under reserves. The transferee recognises the business in accordance with the rules on mergers and spin-offs indicated in Note 3.16.b.

3.17 Environment

The expenses incurred that are aimed to prevent, reduce or repair damage to the environment are recognised, where applicable, when incurred. The investments made in equipment aimed at preventing damage to the environment are recognised as property, plant and equipment and are depreciated based on its useful life.

3.18 Foreign currency transactions

a) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in euros, which is the Group's presentation and functional currency.

b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Gains and losses on foreign currencies that arise from settling these transactions and from translating the monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the year-end exchange rates are recognised in the income statement, except where they differ in equity, such as qualified cash flow hedges or qualified hedges of a net investment.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currencies that are classified as available for sale are analysed between the translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security and other changes in its carrying amount. Translation differences are recognised in profit or loss for the year and other changes in the carrying amount are recognised in equity.

Translation differences for non-monetary items such as equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are presented at fair value as part of profit or loss. Translation differences for non-monetary items such as equity instruments classified as available-for-sale financial assets are included under equity.

3.19 Segment reporting

A segment was identified in 2015 with regard to the Group's main business activity: the purchase, sale, import, export, processing and handling of all manner of wood.

Transactions are carried out on an arm's length basis.

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4. Financial risk management

4.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities are exposed to various financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's global risk management programme focuses on the uncertainty of the financial markets and aims to minimise the potential adverse effects on its financial returns.

Risk management is controlled by the Group's Finance Department, which identifies, assesses and hedges financial risks in accordance with the policies approved by the Sole Director.

a) Market risk

i) Foreign currency risk:

The Group's Sole Director considers that there are no significant foreign currency risks as the Company carries out the majority of its transactions in euros and does not make investments in foreign currency.

i) *Price risk*

The Group's Sole Director considers that it is not exposed to price risks since its balance sheet does not include any investments classified as available for sale or significant investments in securities.

ii) *Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk*

Since the Group does not have any significant interest-earning assets, most of the income and cash flows from its operating activities are largely unaffected by changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk is therefore limited to non-current borrowings. Debt issued at floating rates exposes the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Fixed-rate borrowings expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. Since non-current payables are subject to market interest rates, the Group is not considered to be exposed to significant interest rate risks.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is managed by groups. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits at banks and financial institutions, as well as from customer financing, including unsettled receivables and committed transactions. As the Group does not have any significant investments, or derivatives, the risk is considered to be limited to accounts receivable.

The Group does not have any significant balances receivable aged over twelve months for which no provision has been recognised.

c) Liquidity risk

Prudent management of liquidity risk entails the maintenance of sufficient cash and marketable securities, availability of financing through a sufficient level of committed credit facilities and the capacity to settle market positions.

4.2 Estimate of fair value

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The fair value of financial instruments that are not listed on an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The Company uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions based on the market conditions existing at each of the balance sheet dates. Quoted market prices or listing prices from agents are used for non-current payables. In order to determine the fair value of the remaining financial instruments, other techniques such as estimated discounted cash flows are used.

The carrying amount of trade receivables and trade payables is assumed to approximate their fair value. The fair value of financial liabilities, for the purposes of presenting financial information, is estimated by discounting future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate from the cash flows the Company could have for similar financial instruments.

5. Intangible assets

The detail of "Intangible assets" and the changes therein are as follows:

2015	Computer software	Other intangible assets	Total
Cost of the items			
Balance at 31 December 2014	-	668,045	668,045
Additions or charge for the year		393,432	393,432
Decreases		(232,380)	(232,380)
Balance at 31 December 2015	-	829,097	829,097

Accumulated amortisation			
Balance at 31 December 2014	-	(73,284)	(73,284)
Additions or charge for the year	-	(101,682)	(101,682)
Decreases		1,497	1,497
Balance at 31 December 2015	-	(173,469)	(173,469)

Carrying amount	-	655,628	655,628
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The additions in 2015 correspond to improvements relating to the SAP project and specific development for the logistics and production portion at García Forestal, S.L. and Wood Chips Galicia, S.L.

Likewise, the decreases in the year relate to the assets of García Forestal Gestión del Patrimonio, S.L. (forestry use of Villabona), which was no longer a subsidiary of the Group in 2015 (Note 2.4).

A decrease of EUR 4,490 in intangible assets of García Forestal, corresponding to the design of the website, was also recognised.

2014	Computer software	Other intangible assets	Total
Cost of the items			
Balance at 31 December 2013	535	494,390	494,925
Additions or charge for the year	-	105,876	105,876

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Decreases	(535)	-	(535)
Transfers	-	67,779	67,779
Balance at 31 December 2014	-	668,045	668,045

Accumulated amortisation			
Balance at 31 December 2013	-	-	-
Additions or charge for the year	(100)	(73,284)	(73,384)
Decreases	100		100
Balance at 31 December 2014	-	(73,284)	(73,284)

Carrying amount	-	594,761	594,761
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a) Fully amortised intangible assets

There were no fully amortised intangible assets still in use at 31 December 2015.

b) Assets subject to guarantees and title restrictions

At 31 December 2015, the Group did not have any assets subject to guarantees.

At 31 December 2014, the assets recognised under “Other intangible assets” corresponding to forestry use in the amount of EUR 160,110 were provided as collateral for an account payable recognised under “Payable to non-current assets suppliers” amounting to EUR 53,370 (EUR 26,685 as non-current and EUR 26,685 as current), which relates to the debt from acquiring the right. These assets disappeared from the Group with the exclusion from the scope of consolidation of García Forestal Gestión del Patrimonio, S.L.

c) Other

In 2015 no impairment losses were recognised, there were no intangible assets not assigned to operations, and there were no intangible assets located abroad. There are no intangible assets with an indefinite useful life.

6. Property, plant and equipment

The detail of “Property, plant and equipment” and the changes therein are as follows:

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2015	Land and buildings	Plant and other items of property, plant and equipment	Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction and advances	Total
Cost of the items				
Balance at 31 December 2014	494,561	1,215,677	59,342	1,769,580
Additions or charge for the year	235,694	760,044	596,033	1,591,771
Decreases	(494,561)	(179,608)	(59,342)	(733,511)
Balance at 31 December 2015	235,694	1,796,113	596,033	2,627,840

Accumulated depreciation				
Balance at 31 December 2014	(150,571)	(293,235)	-	(443,806)
Additions or charge for the year		(187,725)	-	(187,725)
Decreases	150,571	117,937	-	268,508
Balance at 31 December 2015	-	(363,023)	-	(363,023)

Carrying amount	235,694	1,433,090	596,033	2,264,817
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2014	Land and buildings	Plant and other items of property, plant and equipment	Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction	Total
Cost of the items				
Balance at 13 August 2014	507,393	1,378,427	126,290	2,012,110
Additions or charge for the year	480	45,608	2,410	48,498
Transfers	-		(67,779)	(67,779)
Decreases	(13,312)	(208,358)	(1,579)	(223,249)
Balance at 31 December 2014	494,561	1,215,677	59,342	1,769,580

Accumulated depreciation				
Balance at 13 August 2014	(188,736)	(374,952)	-	(563,688)
Additions or charge for the year	(10,885)	(129,487)	-	(140,372)
Decreases	49,050	211,204	-	260,254
Balance at 31 December 2014	(150,571)	(293,235)	-	(443,806)

Carrying amount	343,990	922,442	59,342	1,325,774
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The additions to land and buildings for EUR 235,694, property, plant in the course of construction for EUR 496,033 and plant for EUR 478,168 relate to the purchase of a plot of land in the Sigueiro industrial park, the execution of construction work and the installation of machinery in the wood chip drying plant carried out by Wood Chips Galicia, S.L.

A boiler room facility in the amount of EUR 143,868 was also recognised by García Forestal Servicios Energéticos, S.L.

García Forestal, S.L. acquired specialised forestry and loading machinery, such as a Tarex Atlas material handler, a self-loader and a processor for EUR 138,000.

- a) Impairment losses

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In 2015, no significant impairment losses were recognised on the Company's property, plant and equipment.

b) Fully depreciated items of property, plant and equipment

At 31 December 2015, the cost of the fully depreciated items of property, plant and equipment still in use amounted to EUR 1,530.40.

c) Property, plant and equipment subject to guarantees

The items of property, plant and equipment are not subject to any type of mortgage guarantees or any other type of collateral.

d) Assets under finance leases

"Plant and other items of property, plant and equipment" includes the following amounts for machinery where the Group is the lessee under a finance lease:

Description	2015			2014		
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying amount	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying amount
Land	-	-	-	78,491	-	78,491
Buildings	-	-	-	407,760	(164,244)	243,516
Machinery	-	-	-	338,969	(304,385)	34,584
Transport equipment	54,073	(31,110)	22,963	179,527	(114,890)	64,637
	54,073	(31,110)	22,963	1,004,747	(583,519)	421,228

e) Insurance

The Company has taken out various insurance policies to cover the risks to which its property, plant and equipment are subject. The coverage from these policies is considered to be sufficient. There are no assets located abroad.

7. Analysis of financial instruments

7.1 Analysis by category

The carrying amount of each of the categories of financial instruments established in the accounting standard for recognising and measuring financial instruments is as follows:

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Euros						
Non-current financial assets						
	Equity instruments		Debt securities		Loans, derivatives and other	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Equity instruments (Note 8)	732,003	2,439	-	-	-	-
Loans and receivables (Note 8)	-	-	-	-	1,458,669	1,220,919
Other financial assets (Note 8)	-	-	-	-	6,126	7,415
	732,003	2,439	-	-	1,464,795	1,225,334

Euros						
Current financial assets						
	Equity instruments		Debt securities		Loans, derivatives and other	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Loans and receivables (Note 8)					5,186,165	5,432,562
Other financial assets (Note 8)					326,111	27,127
Cash and cash equivalents					1,520,820	1,861,400
					7,033,097	7,321,089

Euros						
Non-current financial liabilities						
	Debt instruments and other marketable securities				Payables, derivatives and other	
	Bank borrowings		and other marketable securities		Payables, derivatives and other	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Accounts payable (Note 12)	3,980,715	340,194			3,208,319	2,383,402
	3,980,715	340,194			3,208,319	2,383,402

The accounts receivable from and payable to public authorities are not included in this classification as they are not considered financial instruments.

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7.2 Analysis by maturity

The amounts of the financial instruments with fixed or determinable maturity, classified by maturity, are as follows:

							Euros
	Financial assets						
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Subsequent years	Total
Loans to third parties	175,385	1,359,878	45,067	38,720	15,005	-	1,634,055
Loans and receivables	5,336,891	-	-	-	-	-	5,336,891
	5,512,276	1,359,878	45,067	38,720	15,005	-	6,970,946

							Euros
	Financial liabilities						
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Subsequent years	Total
Bank borrowings	3,980,715	402,537	391,035	385,827	321,185	1,058,176	6,539,474
Accounts payable	3,753,642	1,041,423	607,138	330,132	240,730	988,895	6,961,961
	7,734,357	1,443,960	998,173	715,960	561,915	2,047,071	13,501,435

8. Loans and receivables

	Euros	
	2015	2014
Non-current loans and receivables		
- Equity instruments	732,003	2,439
- Loans to related companies	1,308,629	1,208,819
- Loans to third parties	150,040	12,100
- Other financial assets	6,126	7,415
	2,196,798	1,230,773
Current loans and receivables:		
- Trade receivables	5,091,762	5,317,846
- Sundry accounts receivable	18,808	18,808
- Current tax assets	114,305	121,487
- Other accounts receivable from public authorities	446,751	515,849
- Loans to third parties	175,385	159,856
- Write-downs	(99,790)	(63,948)
- Other financial assets	326,111	27,127
	6,073,332	6,097,025
	8,270,130	7,327,798

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On 24 July 2015, the Company acquired 14.42% of the Company, Biomasa Forestal, S.L. for an amount of 700 thousand euros, which was recorded in "Equity Instruments". This company is not a listed company and the most relevant information in relation to it, as at 31 December 2015, was the following:

Company	Registered office	Ownership interest	Share capital	Reserves	Profit for the year	Other items
BIOMASA FORESTAL, S.L.	As Pontes de García, Polígono Penapurreira, A Coruña	14.42%	4,853,261	172,021	149,117	(1,512,751)

The non-current portion of "Loans to related parties" includes a loan to Noroeste de Inversión y Desarrollo, S.L. maturing in 2017 and of which EUR 1,308 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan earns interest at variable market rates.

Given that these are current receivables, measured based on market interest rates, the Company considers that there are no significant differences between the fair value and the nominal value at which they are measured.

The carrying amounts of the loans and receivables are denominated in euros. The changes in provisions for impairment losses on trade receivables are as follows:

	Euros	
	2015	2014
Beginning balance	(63,948)	
Provision for impairment of accounts receivable	(35,842)	(63,948)
Ending balance	(99,790)	(63,948)

9. Inventories

	Euros	
	2015	2014
Goods held for resale	2,392,730	1,669,987
Raw materials and other supplies	13,253	56,624
Advances to suppliers	481,500	296,255
	2,887,483	2,022,866

Insurance

The Company has not taken out any insurance policies to cover the risks to which its inventories may be subject, as this risk is considered to be limited since the wood is located in different areas.

Other

There are no firm purchase and sale commitments or futures contracts on the Company's inventories. There are no circumstances that affect the ownership or availability of the Company's inventories.

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10. Cash and cash equivalents

The balance of "Cash and cash equivalents" at 31 December 2015 is as follows:

	Euros	
	2015	2014
Cash	1,520,820	1,861,400
Cash equivalents	-	-
Total	1,520,820	1,861,400

The amount of cash at 31 December 2015 is due to the balance available in the current accounts, which accrue interest at market rates.

11. Equity

a) Share capital

	Euros	
	2015	2014
Registered share capital	307,206	2,615,369
(Uncalled capital)	-	-
	307,206	2,615,369

At 31 December 2015, the Parent's share capital was represented by 307,206 fully paid shares of EUR 1 par value each. At 31 December 2014, the share capital was represented by 2,615,369 fully paid shares of EUR 1 par value each.

On 30 June 2015 the partial spin-off was carried out in Grupo García Forestal separating all shares of García Forestal Gestión del Patrimonio, S.L., whereby the beneficiary is a company that is not an investee of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. This transaction led to a capital reduction in Grupo García Forestal amounting to EUR 798,075.

On 30 November 2015, the shareholders at the General Shareholders' Meeting resolved to reduce share capital through the redemption of the treasury shares acquired on 30 October 2015 when the Company acquired 1,510,088 treasury shares. All shares acquired have yet to be paid as of 31 December 2015 (Note 1.1).

All the shares carry the same rights, there are no bylaw restrictions on their transferability, and they are not listed on the stock market.

At 31 December 2015 and 2014, the Company's shareholder structure was as follows:

	% of Ownership	Par value
2015		
Noroeste Forestal, S.L.	74.00%	227,332
Manuel García Pardo	26.00%	79,874
	100.00%	307,206

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Euros		
2014	% of Ownership	Par value
José García López	14.40%	376,597
Pilar García Pardo	21.40%	559,693
José Antonio García Pardo	21.40%	559,693
Óscar García Pardo	21.40%	559,693
Manuel García Pardo	21.40%	559,693
	100.00%	2,615,369

b) Share premium

	2015	2014
Share premium	514,415	514,415

The Spanish Corporate Enterprises Act expressly permits the use of the share premium account balance to increase capital and does not establish any specific restrictions as to its use.

c) Reserves

	Euros	
	2015	2014
Legal and bylaw reserves		
- Legal reserve	163	
	163	
Other reserves		
- Voluntary reserves		
- Other reserves		
- Reserves of consolidated companies	114,315	
	114,315	
Total	114,478	

Legal reserve

Under Article 274 of the Spanish Corporate Enterprises Act, 10% of net profit for each year must be transferred to the legal reserve until the balance of this reserve reaches at least 20% of the share capital.

The legal reserve can be used to increase capital provided that the remaining reserve balance does not fall below 10% of the increased share capital amount.

Otherwise, until the legal reserve exceeds 20% of share capital, it can only be used to offset losses, provided that sufficient other reserves are not available for this purpose.

d) Proposed distribution of profit of the Group's Parent

The proposed distribution of profit and reserves of the Parent, which will be submitted at the General Shareholders' Meeting, is as follows:

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	<u>Euros</u>
	<u>2015</u>
<u>Basis of distribution</u>	
Profit for the year	196,419
	196,419
	<u>Euros</u>
	<u>2015</u>
<u>Allocation</u>	
Legal reserve	19,642
Voluntary reserves	176,777
	196,419

Contribution to consolidated profit

<u>Company</u>	<u>2015</u>
Grupo García Forestal, S.L.	6,118
García Forestal, S.L.	741,727
García Forestal Servicios Forestales, S.L.	(168,202)
García Forestal Servicios Energéticos	249
Wood Chips Galicia	(10,906)
	568,986

<u>Company</u>	<u>2014</u>
García Forestal, S.L.	190,301
Grupo García Forestal, S.L.	2,331
García Forestal Servicios Forestales, S.L.	3,783
García Forestal Transportes, S.L.	9,715
García Forestal Gestión del Patrimonio, S.L.	-
García Forestal Servicios Energéticos, S.L.	-
	206,130

e) Grants, donations or gifts and legacies received

Non-refundable asset-related grants are recognised under this heading. The changes in grants were as follows:

	<u>Euros</u>
	<u>2015</u>
Beginning balance	-
Increases	64,363
Amount taken to income	(11,190)
Ending balance	53,173

The detail of non-refundable grants related to assets recognised under “Grants, donations or gifts and legacies received” in the balance sheet is as follows:

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Concession operator	Use	Gross amount granted	Amount yet to be transferred		Year granted
			2015	2014	
Consellería do Medio Rural (D.X. Montes)	Acquisition of biomass platform	39,120	24,939		2015
Consellería do Medio Rural (D.X. Montes)	Design of software	47,057	28,234		2015
Consellería do Medio Rural (D.X. Montes)	Acquisition of EPIS	189			2015
			53,173	-	

f) Non-controlling interests

On 30 October 2015, a former shareholder of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. acquired 1,881 shares from the subsidiary García Forestal, S.L. for EUR 590,891, subscribing 100% of the subsidiary's capital increase, which amounted to EUR 113,048 through the contribution of shares of Grupo García Forestal, S.L.

The ownership interest of the Parent in García Forestal was therefore reduced from 100% to 80% as a result of this transaction, without this reduction entailing a loss of control.

The detail of this heading at 31 December 2015 is as follows:

	García Forestal, S.L.	Total
Share capital	113,048	113,048
Reserves	245,302	245,302
Profit for 2015	163,334	163,334
Grants	10,635	10,635
Total	532,315	532,319

12. Accounts payable

	Euros	
	2015	2014
Non-current accounts payable:		
- Bank loans	2,536,853	299,127
- Non-current obligations under finance leases	21,906	41,067
- Other non-current payables	3,208,319	2,383,402
	5,767,078	2,723,596

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Current accounts payable:	2015	2014
- Bank loans	979,674	297,563
- Payment portfolio	1,117,070	2,488,096
- Credit facilities	1,866,331	1,224,254
- Current payables to non-current asset suppliers	91,977	49,713
- Current obligations under finance leases	17,640	237,534
- Other current payables	-	-
- Payable to suppliers and creditors	3,266,165	2,633,631
- Income tax payable		
	103,318	3,892
- Other accounts payable to public authorities	60,572	74,574
- Other financial liabilities	395,500	28,086
Customer advances	12,500	
	7,910,747	7,037,343

There are no significant differences between the fair value and the carrying amounts of the non-current payables that are recognised by their outstanding principal, and they are settled by applying market interest rates.

The carrying amount of the Company's debts are denominated in euros.

a) Bank loans

This heading mainly includes various bank loans with the following characteristics:

- Loan from Abanca maturing in 2021 and of which EUR 250 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a floating rate (Euribor plus a market spread) and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Banco Popular maturing in 2021 and of which EUR 240 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a floating rate (Euribor plus a market spread) and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Banco Popular maturing in 2017 and of which EUR 107 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a floating rate (Euribor plus a market spread) and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Caixabank maturing in 2017 and of which EUR 24 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a floating rate (Euribor plus a market spread) and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Banco Sabadell maturing in 2020 and of which EUR 49 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a fixed market rate and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Banco Popular maturing in 2019 and of which EUR 144 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a fixed market rate and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Banco Sabadell maturing in 2023 and of which EUR 90 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a fixed market rate and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Banco Sabadell maturing in 2016 and of which EUR 7 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a fixed market rate and is not subject to any guarantee.

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- Loan from Triodos Bank maturing in 2024 and of which EUR 170 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a fixed market rate and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Banco Popular maturing in 2027 and of which EUR 161 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a fixed market rate and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from BBVA maturing in 2027 and of which EUR 1,060 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a fixed market rate and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Banco Pastor maturing in 2024 and of which EUR 288 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a fixed market rate and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Caixabank maturing in 2020 and of which EUR 288 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a fixed market rate and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Bankia maturing in 2016 and of which EUR 500 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a fixed market rate and is not subject to any guarantee.
- Loan from Banco Sabadell maturing in 2016 and of which EUR 217.5 thousand have yet to be repaid. This loan accrues interest at a fixed market rate and is not subject to any guarantee.

Management believes that the Company will be able to meet, in a timely manner, all of the contractual obligations arising from the loans.

In 2015 and 2014 the Company had the following undrawn credit facilities and discount lines:

	2015		2014		Euros	
	Balance drawn down	Limit	Undrawn balance	Balance drawn down	Limit	Undrawn balance
Credit facility	1,866,331	2,000,000	133,669	1,224,254	1,250,000	25,748
Discount line	1,117,070	1,400,000	282,930	2,488,096	2,500,000	11,904
	2,983,401	3,400,000	416,599	3,712,350	3,750,000	37,650

b) Non-current and current payables to non-current asset suppliers

This heading corresponds mainly to the outstanding debt relating to the development expenditure of intangible assets.

c) Other non-current payables

This heading relates to loans granted by Empresa Nacional de Innovación, the Centre for Industrial Technological Development (CDTI), a subsidiary of the Ministry of Industry, and the loan from Gestán Medioambiental, S.L., which accrue interest at variable and market rates, and the loan from the company granted to Grupo García Forestal, S.L.

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Debts pertaining to the previous group of partners in the amount of 1,148 thousand euros (124 thousand in the section relating to other short-term financial liabilities) for the purchase of equitable interests in the company, Grupo Garcia Forestal S.L and the debts of the existing suppliers (note 1.1).

- d) Disclosures on the period of payment to suppliers Additional provision three "Disclosure obligation" provided for in Law 15/2010, of 5 July

In accordance with additional provision three "Disclosure obligation" provided for in Law 15/2010, of 5 July, on information to be included in the notes to the financial statements regarding the period of payment to suppliers in commercial transactions, the Company provides information on the average period of payment to suppliers, the ratio of transactions settled, the ratio of transactions not yet settled, total payments made and the total payments outstanding at the end of 2015.

	2015
	Days
Average period of payment to suppliers	-9.442
Ratio of transactions settled	-8.249
Ratio of transactions not yet settled	-23.239
	Amount (euros)
Total payments made	32,021,842
Total payments outstanding	2,769,523

13. Deferred tax liabilities

The detail of deferred tax assets and liabilities is as follows:

DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

	Euros	
	2015	2014
Timing differences	33,218	36,908
	33,218	36,908

DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

	Euros	
	2015	2014
Temporary differences	60,033	90,986
	60,033	90,986

The changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities were as follows:

DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

	Euros	
	2015	2014
Beginning balance	36,908	93,077
Charged to the income statement	(3,445)	14,835
Tax credits used	(246)	(71,004)

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Ending balance	33,218 36,908	
	Euros	
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	2015	2014
Beginning balance	90,986	119,239
Charged to the income statement (Note 19)	(21,918)	(28,253)
Taxes charged directly to equity	(9,035)	-
Ending balance	60,033	90,986

The Sole Director considers that the tax assets are recoverable based on these estimates made and, therefore, are only capitalised to the extent that they are recoverable.

The deferred taxes charged or credited to the income statement for the year correspond mainly to the following:

- Temporary differences in assets amounting to EUR 3,444 corresponding to the reversal of the non-deductibility of 30% of the amortisation and depreciation for previous years. An annual 10% of each amount is applied.
- Temporary differences in liabilities amounting to EUR 21,918 corresponding to the reversal of the accelerated depreciation allowances corresponding to leases.
- Temporary differences in assets amounting to EUR 246 corresponding to the tax credit of 2% on the reversal amount of the amortisation and depreciation for previous years.

The deferred taxes charged or credited to equity in the year correspond to the tax effect of grants related to assets.

The Company did not have any tax loss carryforwards at 31 December 2015 or 2014.

14. Revenue and expenses

a) Revenue

The revenue from the Company's ordinary activities is distributed geographically as follows:

Geographical market	%	
	2015	2014
Spain	62%	42%
EU countries	36%	57%
Rest of the world	2%	1%

b) Cost of goods held for resale, raw materials and other consumables used

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Cost of raw materials and other consumables used	Euros	
	2015	2014
Purchases:		
- Purchases in Spain	21,528,776	10,592,439
Changes in inventories	709,522	(375,023)
	22,238,298	10,217,415

c) Staff costs

Staff costs	Euros	
	2015	2014
Wages, salaries and similar expenses	586,030	312,878
Termination benefits	104,771	16,929
Employee benefit costs:		
- Contributions to and provisions for pensions	-	-
- Other employee benefit costs	167,449	85,384
	858,250	415,190

The average number of employees in the year, by professional category, is as follows:

	Average headcount	
	2015	2014
Directors		
Clerical staff	8	5
Marketing, sales and similar staff	6	24
Unqualified employees	10	3
	24	32

The breakdown of the Company's staff by category and gender at the reporting date is as follows:

	Headcount at year-end					
	2015			2014		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
Directors	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Clerical staff	3	5	8	3	2	5
Marketing, sales and similar staff	19	-	19	21	1	22
	22	5	27	24	3	27

15. Income tax and tax matters

The reconciliation of net income and expenses for the year to the taxable profit for income tax purposes is as follows:

	Euros		
	2015		
	Income statement		
	Increases	Decreases	TOTAL
Income and expenses for the year			568,986
Income tax	263,594		263,594
Adjustment to taxable profit (permanent differences)	17,553		17,553
Adjustment to taxable profit (temporary differences)	78,279	(12,303)	65,976
Taxable profit			916,109

The current income tax expense is the result of applying a tax rate of 28% (2014: 30%) to taxable profit. The tax credits applied in 2015 amounted to EUR 246 and the withholdings and prepayments totalled EUR 78,504. The amount payable to the tax authorities totals EUR 103,318.

The Group companies have the last four years open to review by the tax authorities for the main taxes applicable thereto, with the exception of those companies incorporated in 2014 and 2015.

As a result of the different possible interpretations of current tax legislation in force, inter alia, additional liabilities may arise as a result of a tax audit. In any case, the Company's Sole Director considers that these liabilities, should they arise, will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

Grupo García Forestal, S.L., which was incorporated in 2013, submitted a request to the tax authorities for the registration as of 1 January 2015 of the tax group headed by the Parent and the subsidiaries García Forestal, S.L., García Forestal Servicios Forestales, S.L., García Forestal Transportes, S.L., García Forestal Servicios Energéticos, S.L. and García Forestal Gestión del Patrimonio, S.L. On 16 January 2015, the tax authorities reported that the tax group number would be 67/15. Following the spin-off of García Forestal Gestión del Patrimonio, S.L. on 9 October 2015, at 31 December 2015 the tax group was composed of the following companies: Grupo García Forestal, S.L. (Parent), García Forestal, S.L., García Forestal Servicios Forestales, S.L., García Forestal Servicios Energéticos, S.L. and Wood Chips Galicia, S.L.

16. Contingencies

On 18 December 2008, the tax authorities commenced a tax audit of García Forestal, S.L. (a subsidiary of the Group) in relation to value added tax for 2005 and 2006. As a result of this audit, a tax assessment was issued on 25 February 2010 for an amount of EUR 238,201 (corresponding in

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full to the settlement as no penalty was applied), which the Company signed on a contested basis. On 24 February 2011, the tax authorities subsequently issued an assessment for EUR 247,241 (the difference between the assessment signed on a contested basis in relation to the interest accrued between the date of the assessment and the settlement). Subsequently, on 5 February 2014 the Regional Economic-Administrative Tribunal partially upheld the claim, handing down a ruling and reducing the amount claimed to EUR 45,000. The tax authorities have yet to issue a new settlement. In any case, this ruling has once again been appealed before the Central Economic-Administrative Tribunal. This assessment and settlement are being appealed through the economic-administrative jurisdiction before the Central Economic-Administrative Tribunal, and a ruling has yet to be handed down. The settlement has been suspended, since a guarantee has been provided in this connection (Note 23).

On this same date tax audits were initiated in relation to income tax for 2005 and 2006. As a result of this audit, a tax assessment was issued on 28 February 2013 for EUR 915,323 (EUR 553,058 corresponding to the settlement and EUR 362,265 to the penalty), which the Company signed on a contested basis. Subsequently, on 3 May 2013, the tax authorities issued a settlement for EUR 389,557, correcting the amount of EUR 553,058, thus increasing the tax debt to a total of EUR 751,822. This assessment and settlement are being appealed through the economic-administrative jurisdiction before the Regional Economic-Administrative Tribunal, and a ruling has yet to be handed down. The penalty is temporarily suspended until a ruling is handed down by the Regional Economic-Administrative Tribunal. The settlement has also been suspended, since a guarantee has been provided in this connection (Note 23).

In both processes, the Sole Director considers that these settlements and penalties are unfounded in accordance with the criteria of the tax advisors upon estimating that it is highly likely that the appeals through the economic-administrative jurisdiction will be upheld and, therefore, no provision has been recognised in this connection in these consolidated financial statements.

17. Remuneration of directors acting severally and senior executives

a) Remuneration of and loans to the Sole Director and senior executives

The Sole Director did not receive any remuneration in 2014 or 2015. Total remuneration for senior executives in 2015 amounted to EUR 133,425 (EUR 112,346 in 2014).

No obligations were assumed with regard to pensions or life insurance with the Sole Director or senior executives.

The Company did not grant any loans to the Sole Director in 2015 or 2014:

b) Information required by Article 229 of the Spanish Corporate Enterprises Act:

In 2014 the directors that held positions on the Board of Directors, in their duty to avoid conflicts of interest with those of the Company, complied with the obligations stipulated in Article 228 of the Consolidated Spanish Corporate Enterprises Act. Similarly, the directors and those persons related thereto were not involved in any of the conflicts of interest envisaged in Article 229 of this law.

18. Information on the environment

The carrying amount of the environmental assets at 31 December 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

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Description	2015			2014		
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying amount	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying amount
Machinery	150,000	(7,500)	142,500-	390,000	(173,424)	216,576
Transport equipment	27,950	(13,153)	14,797-	111,400	(89,878)	21,522
Total	177,950	(20,653)	157,297-	501,400	(263,302)	238,098

In 2015 and 2014 no expenses were incurred in relation to the protection and improvement of the environment and there were no environmental contingencies.

19. Related party transactions

a) Balances arising from loans:

Related company	2015			2014
	Loans granted	Receivables	Payables	Loans granted
Noroeste Forestal, S.L.	1,308,629			1,208,819
Biomasa Forestal, S.L.		1,138,292	(292,951)	
Total	1,308,629	1,138,292	(292,951)	1,208,819

b) Transactions:

Related company	2015			
	Services received	Services rendered	Purchases of merchandise	Finance income
Noroeste Forestal, S.L.	(133,425)	-	-	38,403
Biomasa Forestal, S.L.		3,354,093	(515,887)	-
Total	(133,425)	3,354,093	(515,887)	22,712

Related company	2014	
	Services received	Finance income
Noroeste Forestal, S.L.	112,346	22,712
Total	133,425	112,346

Transactions with Group companies and related parties were carried out in the normal course of the Company's business and on an arm's-length basis.

20. Events after the reporting date

There have not been any significant events with an effect on the Group's equity since the reporting

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date.

21. Segment reporting

In 2015 no transactions were carried out other than those included in the main business segment (the purchase, sale, import, export, processing and handling of all manner of wood).

22. Fees paid to auditors

The fees accrued in 2015 and 2014 by PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores, S.L., the auditor of Grupo García Forestal, S.L. and subsidiaries, are detailed below:

2015	Euros			
	PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores, S.L.	Other companies of the PwC network	Other auditors	Total
Audit services	16,665	-	-	16,665
Other attest services	-	-	-	-
Total	16,665	-	-	16,665

2014	Euros			
	PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores, S.L.	Other companies of the PwC network	Other auditors	Total
Audit services	16,500	-	-	16,500
Other attest services	-	-	-	-
Total	16,500	-	-	16,500

23. Commitments

The Group has provided the tax authorities with guarantees for EUR 540,137 to suspend the enforcement of the two settlements appealed through the economic-administrative jurisdiction corresponding to the value added tax and income tax assessments for 2005 and 2006 (Note 16).

The Group is also the guarantor of two loans with different banks granted to García Forestal Servicios Forestales, S.L., the outstanding balance of which at 31 December 2015 was EUR 114,815.

The Group is also the guarantor of two guarantees and a loan for EUR 600,000 granted to the related company Reova Generación de Energías Renovables, S.L.

The Sole Director considers that these guarantees will not be enforced, since the risk has been assessed and limited. Therefore, no type of economic loss is expected to arise for the Group in relation to the aforementioned guarantees.

a) Business performance

Given the country's current economic situation, and the existing complexity and competitiveness in the wood industry, it can be confirmed that the estimates made at the beginning of the year were reasonably met. In this regard, the continued business activity is demonstrated in the consolidated net profit for 2015, which amounted to EUR 568,968.

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The current economic crisis will also most likely affect the demand for wood products, with a possible deterioration of the market, which may affect the volume of transactions in the coming year. The Company expects to overcome these difficulties by optimising management and improving productivity, in order to reduce costs in view of a potential decrease in demand.

This potential deterioration of the market is expected to be overcome through the guidelines described above, in the hopes of swift economic recovery.

b) Research and development

In 2015 the Company did not engage in any research and development activity.

c) Events after the reporting period

At the date of authorisation for issue of these financial statements no events occurred after the reporting period that may have a significant effect on the Group's equity or that reveal situations that may affect the true and fair view of the consolidated financial statements.

d) Treasury shares

There were no changes to the Parent's treasury shares in 2015.

e) Environmental management

There were environmental matters in 2015 that were included in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

f) Use of financial instruments

The Group does not use financial derivatives. The financial risk management targets and policies as well as the Company's exposure to the various risks are detailed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

g) Average period of payment to suppliers

As indicated in Note 12.d to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Group's average payment period, calculated in accordance with that set forth in this note, amounts to (9) days.

In Cedeira, on 31 March 2016

In Cedeira, on 31 March 2016, the Sole Director authorised for issue these consolidated financial statements and the consolidated director's report for 2015 of GRUPO GARCÍA FORESTAL, S.L. and subsidiaries, which include the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows and notes to the consolidated financial statements. The directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2015 was also authorised for issue.

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[Signature]

Noroeste de Inversión y Desarrollo, S.L.
Represented by Manuel García Pardo
Sole Director